

Workshop Service Manual

FENDT 900 Vario SCR (Stage 3b)

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0000 - Overall system/tractor

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A - General

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1 Component overview

0000	Tractor – overall system

1000	Transmission
1005	Transmission control system
1010	Differential gear
1015	Axle drive
1030	Hand brake
1050	Housing
1070	Brake system
1080	Drive train
1090	Emergency actuation
1100	Clutch actuation
1150	Cardan brake
1170	ML range control
1200	Front PTO
1220	Live PTO
1320	Front wheel drive
1430	Hydrodamp
1432	Hydraulic pump
1470	Transmission lubrication
1490	Pump drive
1530	ML adjustment
1600	Enhanced control actuation valves
1620	Enhanced control actuation pipes

2000	Engine
2010	Cylinder head
2020	Speed setting
2050	Cooling system
2060	Fuel system
2170	Engine brake
2180	Cold-start system
2190	Intercooler
2210	Crankcase
2250	Engine preheater
2312	Lubrication
2710	Injection pump
2712	Injector valves
2714	Governor

3000	Front axle
3010	Front axle chock
3020	Axle body
3050	Suspension
3060	Suspension valve installation
3070	Suspension piping
3100	Track rod
3120	Steering cylinder
3170	Frame
3180	Cardan shaft
3190	Differential lock actuation

4000	Steering
4070	Steering wheel
4090	Hydraulic steering unit

5000	Vehicle layout
5010	Layout
5030	Driver seat
5050	Towing device
5161	Towing hitch
5200	Cab bearing, suspension

5500	Air conditioning system
5520	Compressor drive
5530	Coolant piping
5550	Evaporator
5560	Condenser
5570	Electrical wiring

8100	Cab
8113	Heater
8114	Ventilation
8117	Windscreen wipers
8121	Cable loom

8600	Power lift
8610	Electro-hydraulic EPC control
8618	External control
8631	Power lift control

8700	Three point linkage
8730	Lifting struts
8740	Support

8800	Compressed air system
8810	Air compressor
8820	Brake fittings
8830	Cables
8850	Electric actuation
8890	Air vessel

8900	Front loader
8910	Mounting frame
8915	Hydraulic equipment actuation
8955	3. Hydraulic circuit
8958	Multi coupling
5970	Piping
8990	Lift cylinder

9000	Electrical system
9010	Alternator
9015	Starter lock
9040	Fuses
9050	Battery installation
9060	Starter system

9200	Front power lift
9210	Linkage
9211	External control
9220	Cylinder
9230	Piping
9260	Enhanced power lift control
9280	Frame

9400	Hydraulic pump installation
9410	LS pump
9420	Transmission pump
9430	Steering pump

9500	Hydraulic piping
9510	Basic circuit
9516	Power lift
9525	With oil cooler
9530	Hydraulic trailer brake
9531	Steering
9534	Reverse operation

9600	Hydraulic equipment
9605	Hydraulic connections
9610	Central control block (ZSB)
9620	Valve installation
9666	External pressure supply
9690	Auxiliary valves

9700	Electronics
9710	Instrument panel
9715	Terminal
9717	LBS – agricultural bus system
9720	Sensor
9730	Radar sensor
9740	E-box
9750	Transmission actuator unit
9760	Driving switch
9770	Control panel
9780	Engine EDC
9790	Linkage ECU

9900	Service
9920	Special tools
9970	FENDIAS

2 Documentation layout

In this technical documentation, the different tractor types are basically divided according to components that, with a few technical exceptions, reflect the structure of replacement parts. For example, these components may be "0000 – overall system"; "1005 – transmission control system"; "2000 – engine" etc.

see A, §1, page 7

Each component is divided into separate registers, identified by a register letter.

These are:

- A. General
- B. Faults
- C. Documents and diagrams
- D. Component position
- E. Measuring and testing
- F. Setting and calibrating
- G. Repair
- H. Service information

The content of this documentation consists of several individual documents in their own right. These documents can be used for a variety of technical documentation and are not type-specific.

Header and footer layout:

Header:

The header shows the group title, the document title and the register letter.

Footer:

Each document is specifically identified and has a version status and a release date that are shown at the bottom right (A) of the footer.

The applicability of each document according to chassis number range is shown at the bottom (B) of the footer.

NOTE: If the document does not apply to all chassis numbers, this is indicated by the additional information

"Refer to chassis number range"

(C).

FENDT 900 Vario COM III		Allgemeines			
Anziehdrehmomente für Schrauben in Nm (kpm)		A			
Reibungswert: μ ges. 0,14 für Schrauben und Muttern ohne Nachbehandlung, sowie phosphatierte Muttern. Anziehen von Hand. Anziehdrehmomente, wenn nicht besonders angegeben, können aus folgender Aufstellung entnommen werden.					
Metrisches Gewinde					
Abmessung	6,9 Nm (kpm)	8,8 Nm (kpm)	10,9 Nm (kpm)	12,9 Nm (kpm)	
M 6	8,4 (0,85)	9,8 (1,0)	13,7 (1,4)	16,7 (1,7)	
M 8	20,6 (2,1)	24,5 (2,5)	34,3 (3,5)	40,2 (4,1)	
M 10	40,2 (4,1)	48,1 (4,9)	67,7 (6,9)	81,4 (8,3)	
M 12	70,6 (7,2)	84,4 (8,6)	117,7 (12,0)	142,2 (14,5)	
M 14	112,8 (11,5)	132,4 (13,5)	186,4 (19,0)	225,6 (23,0)	
M 16	176,6 (18,0)	206,0 (21,0)	289,4 (29,5)	348,2 (35,5)	
M 18	240,3 (24,5)	284,5 (29,0)	392,4 (40,0)	475,8 (48,5)	
M 20	338,4 (34,5)	402,2 (41,0)	569,0 (58,0)	676,9 (69,0)	
M 22	456,2 (46,5)	539,5 (55,0)	765,2 (78,0)	912,3 (93,0)	
M 24	588,6 (60,0)	696,5 (71,0)	981,0 (100,0)	1177,2 (120,0)	
M 27	873,1 (89,0)	1030,9 (105,0)	1471,5 (150,0)	1765,8 (180,0)	
M 30	1177,2 (120,0)	1422,4 (145,0)	1962,0 (200,0)	2354,4 (240,0)	
Metrisches Feingewinde					
Abmessung	6,9 Nm (kpm)	8,8 Nm (kpm)	10,9 Nm (kpm)	12,9 Nm (kpm)	
M 8 x 1	22,6 (2,3)	26,5 (2,7)	37,3 (3,8)	44,1 (4,5)	
M 10 x 1,25	42,2 (4,4)	51,0 (5,2)	71,6 (7,3)	86,3 (8,8)	
M 12 x 1,25	78,5 (8,0)	93,2 (9,5)	132,4 (13,5)	157,0 (16,0)	
M 12 x 1,5	74,5 (7,6)	88,3 (9,0)	122,6 (12,5)	147,1 (15,0)	
M 14 x 1,5	122,6 (12,5)	147,1 (15,0)	206,0 (21,0)	245,2 (25,0)	
M 16 x 1,5	186,4 (19,0)	220,7 (22,5)	309,0 (31,5)	372,8 (38,0)	
M 18 x 1,5	296,8 (27,5)	318,8 (32,5)	451,3 (46,0)	539,5 (55,0)	
M 20 x 1,5	377,7 (38,5)	451,3 (46,0)	627,8 (64,0)	755,4 (77,0)	
M 22 x 1,5	510,1 (52,0)	598,4 (61,0)	843,7 (86,0)	1030,0 (105,0)	
M 24 x 2	637,6 (65,0)	765,2 (78,0)	1079,1 (110,0)	1275,3 (130,0)	
M 27 x 2	951,6 (97,0)	1138,1 (115,0)	1569,6 (160,0)	1872,9 (195,0)	
M 30 x 2	1314,4 (135,0)	1569,6 (160,0)	2207,2 (225,0)	2677,7 (270,0)	

Fig. 1.

100372

3 Notes on documentation

To ensure that the information is structured in a user-friendly manner, the service documentation is divided into the operator's manual and the workshop manual.

The operator's manual includes a general description as well as instructions for all necessary maintenance work.

Knowledge of the owner's manual is essential to understand the workshop manual. This is particularly important for safety instructions.

The workshop manual describes repairs to assemblies and components, which will require more effort and suitably qualified specialists to carry out.

Note

This workshop manual provides notes for trained technicians to maintain our tractors.

Read and observe the information in this documentation. This will help you prevent accidents and safeguard the manufacturer's warranty.

The respective accident prevention rules as well as other generally recognised safety and occupational health rules must be observed.

The tractor is built solely for the purpose defined by the implement manufacturer (intended use). Any other type of use is considered unauthorised. The manufacturer bears no liability for any damage resulting from improper use. The user bears this risk alone. Intended use includes maintaining operating, service and maintenance conditions as specified by the manufacturer.

Operation, maintenance and repair of the tractor may only be carried out by people who are familiar with this equipment and aware of the associated dangers. Ensure that this documentation is available to and understood by everyone involved in operation, maintenance and repair. Not observing this documentation can lead to faults, damage and personal injury, for which the manufacturer assumes no liability. The prerequisite for the tractor being correctly serviced and maintained is the perfect condition and availability of all necessary equipment, standard tools and general workshop equipment as well as special tools. The use of special tools is restricted to where absolutely necessary, and are displayed both where they need to be used and in a summary at the end of the manual.

The machine must be maintained according to its proper use. **Always** replace parts with genuine FENDT spare parts! When ordering parts, please provide the chassis number as per the most up-to-date spare parts documentation.

Only parts approved by the manufacturer for that specific purpose may be used for any alterations. The manufacturer will not accept liability for any damage resulting from unauthorised modifications to the tractor. Non-compliance invalidates the warranty!

Workshops should also refer to documentation on maintenance work and technical data.

Once maintenance is complete, take a test drive to ensure the vehicle's correct operation and road safety.

We reserve the right to make design changes in light of technical developments.

Notes on repairs

The assembly/disassembly instructions shown correspond to the design status at the time the workshop manual was drawn up.

Further technical development of the product and additions related to different versions may require alternative working processes that do not pose too many difficulties to trained and qualified specialists.

These assembly/disassembly instructions shall be invalidated upon issue of the next version of this document.

4 Safety briefing and measures

Important notes on work safety

The statutory accident prevention regulations (available from professional associations or specialist shops) must be observed. These depend on the operating site, operating mode and fuels and lubricants used. Special protective measures dependent on the respective procedures are specified in the corresponding repair guidelines and highlighted.

This handbook uses the following safety tips

**DANGER:**

Indicates an impending dangerous situation that will lead to serious injury or death if not avoided.

**WARNING:**

Indicates a potentially dangerous situation that could lead to serious injury or death if not avoided.

**CAUTION:**

Indicates a potentially dangerous situation that could lead to minor injury if not avoided.

Please observe the following when carrying out maintenance or service work to the tractor:

Only the documentation associated with the vehicle (workshop manual and operator's manual) must be used to complete any pending work.

1. General

- Only briefed personnel may operate the tractor or carry out maintenance work.
- Only use qualified specialists to carry out repairs or service work.
- Nobody may be in the cab while work is being carried out under the jacked-up tractor.
- Relieve pressure from implement lines, e.g. to the front loader.
- All people should keep clear of a lifted, unsecured load (e.g. tilted cab etc.).
- Never open or remove any safety devices while the engine is running.
- Pressurised fluids (fuel or hydraulic oil) escaping under high pressure can penetrate the skin and cause severe injuries. If this should occur, seek medical advice immediately to avoid the risk of serious infection.
- Keep at a safe distance from hot areas.
- Pressure accumulator and connected pipes are highly pressurised. Only remove and repair in accordance with instructions provided in the workshop manual.
- To avoid eye injury, do not look directly at the surface of the activated radar sensor.
- Dispose of oil, fuel and filters properly!
- Specialist knowledge and special fitting tools are required to fit tyres.
- Run the tractor for a short time, then retighten all wheel nuts and bolts and check them regularly. For correct torque values refer to TECHNICAL DATA.
- Before working on the electrical system, always remove the earth strap from the battery. Observe the following when carrying out electric welding. Before carrying out welding work on tractor or mounted implements, ensure that both battery terminals are disconnected. Attach the welding appliance's earth terminal as close to the welding spot as possible.
- Caution is required when dealing with brake fluid and battery acid as these are toxic and corrosive!
- Only use genuine FENDT spare parts.

2. Working on the front axle suspension



DANGER:

- **The front axle suspension pressure lines between the central control block (ZSB) and the suspension cylinders, and**
- **the cased ASPL, ASPR and ZSP pressure accumulators**

are under 200 bar (2900,80 lbf/in² (PSI)) pressure, even when the engine is switched off and the suspension is lowered (= locked).

Safety measures:

Prior to each repair and after releasing or opening in this area, the pressure must be released manually.

NOTE: The "Lock suspension/lower suspension" command has no effect!

Even externally energising the solenoid valves **Y064** - Suspension load pressure & lowering solenoid valve and **Y065** - Suspension raise solenoid valve has no effect!

(There are hydraulic pilot-operated non-return valves built in)

To release pressure:

- **AVF1** - Lock valve, suspension 1
open to left, chassis may lower
- **AVF2** - Lock valve, suspension 2
open to left, rebound accumulator will be relieved

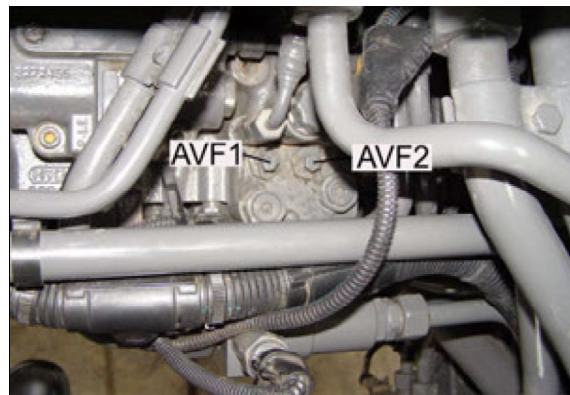


Fig. 2.

1000303

Check:

As the oil temperature rises, the emptying accumulator will make a flowing sound (barely audible in winter).

3. Working on the brake system



DANGER:

The brake system compressed air lines remain under pressure even when the engine has been switched off!

Safety measures:

Before each repair to the brake system or when removing the cab, the pressure must be relieved manually.

To release pressure:

1. Engine must be off.
2. Make sure the tractor is secured to prevent it rolling.
3. Release the air using the drainage valve on circuit 1.
4. Actuate the foot and hand brakes until no air noise can be heard.

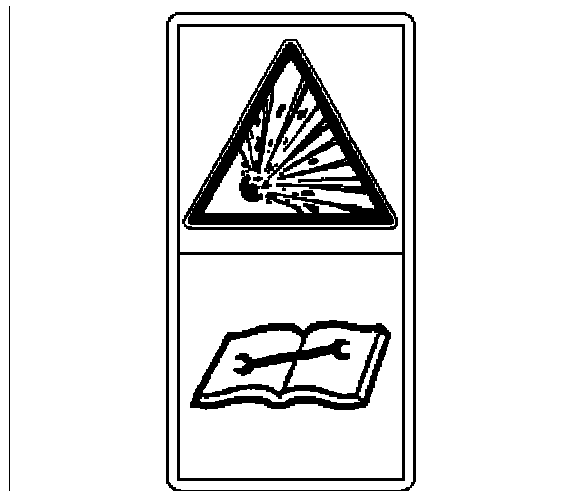


Fig. 3.

1000010

General notes:

- Always check the brakes before driving.
- Adjustments and repairs to the brake system must be carried out in specialist workshops or by approved brake repair technicians.
- It must not be possible to brake individual wheels when driving (lock pedals)!

4. Working on the engine

- After switching the engine off, wait 30 seconds before carrying out any work on the fuel system.
- Only start the engine once all safety guards have been attached and nobody is standing in the danger area.
- Never let the engine run in enclosed spaces with no exhaust gas suction system.
- Cleaning, maintenance and repair work may only be carried out once the engine is switched off and secured to prevent it starting.
- Injection pipes and high-pressure lines must not be deformed.
- Any damaged injection pipe or high-pressure line must be replaced.
- Do not loosen any injection pipes for high-pressure fuel lines while the engine is running.
- Before carrying out checks to the running engine, always perform a visual check of all high-pressure components. Suitable protective clothing (e.g. protective goggles) should be worn while doing this. Leaks indicate potential sources of danger for workshop personnel.
- In the event of leaks to the high-pressure fuel system, always remain out of range of any possible fuel spray to avoid serious injury.
- Even when no leaks to the high-pressure fuel system can be detected, workshop personnel should avoid the immediate danger area and wear suitable protective clothing (such as protective goggles) when carrying out checks to the running engine and during the first test run.
- Smoking is forbidden while carrying out work to the fuel system.
- Do not work in the proximity of sparks or naked flames.
- Never disconnect an injector while the engine is running.

5. Working on the PTO

- Always switch off the engine before fitting or removing the drive shaft. PTO in "0" position!
- When working on the PTO, allow no-one in the vicinity of the rotating PTO or drive shaft.
- Make sure drive shaft and PTO are equipped with shield pipes and protective funnels.
- After deactivating the PTO, it is possible that parts on the mounted implement may continue to run. In this case, do not get too close to the implement. Work may only be carried out to the implement when nothing is moving!
- When the drive shaft is removed, cover the PTO shaft with its protective cap.
- Nobody should be in the cab when installing and removing the drive shaft.
Operation of controls for the tractor and mounted implements by people in the cab, especially children, may result in severe or fatal injury.

6. Working on the front loader

- Before undertaking maintenance work, lower the front loader to the ground, switch off the engine and remove the ignition key.
- In the event of a collapsed pipe rupture feature, support the load before starting repair work, and slowly retract the cylinder.
- Check hydraulic hoses and pipes for signs of damage and aging regularly and replace with genuine spare parts in good time.
- Following installation and repairs, operate the tractor for a short time, then retighten all nuts and bolts and check them regularly.
- Retighten eccentric bolt for front loader attachment, if necessary.

Disposal

The work described in the operator's manual and workshop manual includes replacing parts, fuel and lubricants. These renewed parts/fuel/lubricants must be stored, transported and disposed of in accordance with regulations. The repairing workshop bears responsibility for this. The disposal encompasses the recycling and

final disposal of parts/fuel/lubricants with recycling having the higher priority. Details about disposal and monitoring are specified in regional, national and international laws and directives, the observation of which is the sole responsibility of the repairing workshops.

5 Biodegradable hydraulic oil

Oil quality

Use rapeseed-oil and synthetic-based HEES biodegradable hydraulic oil with a viscosity in accordance with ISO VG 32-ISO VG 46.

NOTE: *Polyglycol-based synthetic oils cannot be used.*

Instructions for use

Biodegradable hydraulic oil is suitable for winter temperatures down to approx. -15 °C (59,00 °F).

Vegetable-based hydraulic oil may thicken in outside temperatures below approx. -15 °C (59,00 °F) or if the tractor is not used for long periods of time. After a cold start, allow a short warm-up time at medium engine speed to ensure safe operation of the hydraulic steering and linkage. In extremely low temperatures, it may be necessary to warm up the entire tractor.

Avoid mixing with mineral oils, e.g. with any oil remaining in the system or by connecting and operating an external implement. This may affect the positive environmental properties of the fluid, and will make it more difficult to dispose of (it will then have to be considered as special waste).

Current legislation and the instructions of the oil manufacturer must be observed when disposing of oil.

A mixture containing more than 20% may result in alterations in viscosity and may lead to problems with the hydraulic valves.

Maintenance intervals

The oil and oil filter need to be changed every 1000 running hours or every year, whichever occurs first.

When switching to biodegradable hydraulic oil, change the hydraulic oil filter after approx. 50–100 running hours. Since biodegradable hydraulic oil acts as a solvent, any oil residue may block the filter.

Special features of biodegradable hydraulic oil

Biodegradable hydraulic oil is more easily biodegradable and has less of an effect on the ground and ground-water in the event of accidental spills.

IMPORTANT: *In spite of the high environmental compatibility of biodegradable hydraulic oil, accidental spills must always be reported.*

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